
B. Altman & Co.

LADIES' BOOT and SHOE DEPARTMENT. 3d Floor.

On Monday and Tuesday, January 18th and 19th, this Department will offer Seventeen hundred pairs of Ladies' Boots, modern shaped, newly made goods, including Dul! Mat Dongola and Glace Kid, Cloth Top and French

Calf Boots, Former Prices \$4.25 to 6.00.

Ladies' Glace Kid Button Boots, Former Price 3.00.

1.90 1.69

ENTRANCES, 18th St., 19th St. and 6th Avenue. (18th Street Elevated Station.)

HEARING ON THE LOUD BILL.

PUBLISHERS AND NEWSPAPER MEN BE-FORE A SENATE COMMITTEE

A delegation from Maine against the bil a misunderstanding that the committee not meet to-day, left the city, but will be

Among those who appeared to-day were Charles Root, of the Textile Publishing Company, New-York: Ernest T. Ellert, president of the Luther of America: Alexander J. Wedderburn, of National Intelligencer", Mr. Orr, of the Ag-Press League: Mr. Wheeler, of Hough-Midlin & Co., publishers, and William F. Crafts,

as the representative of a publishngth explained the character of the publilishing houses of the United States. He force the existing law against fraudulent papers

o get good literature without the aid of the there was a deficit, it should be charged So far as vicious literature was concerned, Mr. Wedderburn said, it would be sent through the mails at any cost, un-

less excluded altogether. - Prompet who will address t later, stopped long enough to say that the accounts of the Postoffice Department were kept in such shape that no information could be had there. He would show this to the committee later on, for he believed that much more information was need-

ed before an intelligent bill could be framed.

Withir F Crafts declared that the existing postal law was nothing but "Socialism for the rich, and granted large subsidies to certain industries, compelling the people to pay the bill." The existing law was, he said, special legislation in behalf of the city of Augusta. Me. He was sorry to see Sen-ator Hale and Representative Milliken championing the cause of the Augusta publishers, and inti-mated that they did so solely because they were to be dependent on the whole United States. The present law also encouraged fraud. So far as the literature was concerned, it consisted chiefly of novels, of which 90 per cent were pirated foreign

Crafts said it would be impossible for Congress to draw a bill that would exclude certain classes of matter and admit others. This was denied by Senators Hill and Burrows, and Mr. Crafts modified his statement and said he would be glad to see ns it could be drawn."

Mr. Crafts was proceeding to discuss the enormous profits of publishers, the cost of paper, presswork, etc., when he was stopped by Mr. Wheeler, of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., who indignantly retorted that the speaker did not know what he was

In closing his remarks, Mr. Crafts accused the American News Company of being a monopoly and said it had got an unusual privilege in the existing law through a subterfuse that permitted it to use the mails at pound rates and denied it to

This statement brought Patrick Farrelly, manager of the American News Company, to his feet with a vigorous protest. He denied there had been erfuge; on the contrary, he had urged that a provision he inserted in the bill giving to pub shers equal privileges of sending and having their publications returned from dealers, through the mails. The news company was not a monopoly, as

mails. The news company was not a monopoly, as Mr. Crafts had said. He was talking on a subject about which he knew nothing, and Mr. Farrelly asserted that such statements made before a committee were improper and an act of injustice.

Mr. Vernon, of Vernon Brothers & Co., of New-York denied Mr. Craft's statement that the great majority of novels were of the French order. The books were made in this country. No law would stop the circulation of French novels if people wanted them, but the proposed bill would stop the publication of good books at low prices. Very religious people objected to some books, but the flat remained that at least 90 per cent of the goods soing through the mails were of a high class.

Mr. Harvey spoke of cheap postage as being a large All vey spoke of cheap postage as being a large factor in the education of the people. They were able to study economic questions in which they were interested. He referred to the circulation of 300,000 copies of a book recently writer by himself—a circulation that possibly could not have been attained with higher postage. He warned the committee that were entering upon times that threatened the life of the country. "I thought we saved the country last fall," quietly observed Senator Chandler.

Thought we saved the country last range observed Senator Chandler.

Mr. Harvey was proceeding to tell of the cost of publishing "Coin's Financial School" and what it that the Burchaser, when Mr. Chandler again remarked: "Oh, yes, I bought one for 25 cents, and I bear to the senator when the senator with the senator of a series that appeared quarterly, thereby giving the cent-appeared particles, thereby giving the cent-appeared that this book was made one of a series that appeared quarterly, thereby giving the cent-appeared of a final senator with the perpension of a fraud, and some of the affidivity in the senator of a careful conscience."

Mr. Harvey contended that the Government paid the Marvey contended that the Government paid

Harvey said, a danger to public institutions, it was the first step toward press censorship. If the man who drew the bill had been broad-spirited he would never have made such a wholesale strike at literature as appears in his bill.

Mr. Orr, of the agricultural press, and David Williams, of "The Trade Journal," spoke in favor of the bill. Charles T. Root, of New-York, and E. T. Eilert, president of the Luther League, spoke in favor of the bill, and the committee then adjourned. Further hearings will be given.

ARRESTED FOR AN OLD MURDER.

A PRISONER CHARGED WITH KILLING LIT ment-house No. 315 Hast Thirty-seventh st., or May 20 last. Mary Cunningham, who was thirtee years old, lived in the house with her widowed mother, and Farrell, who is twenty-three years old, has lived in the house with his aunt. On the af-ternoon of Memorial Day the girl was found alive an hour before noon. Farrell had been ou much of the time, and the police arrested him or of the murder, and this apparently good alib! led

Then the police arrested Edward McCormick, an old man, on the testimony of Antonio Ferrone, a young Italian, who swore that he had seen Mc Cormick bending over the girl's body. McCormick was released when the young Italian admitted that he had lied. Ferrone was indicted and tried for perjury in the Court of General Sessions, but es-

perjury in the Court of General Sessions, but escaped conviction on a technicality. Detectives acting under the direction of Acting Inspector Brooks, have been following up clews since then, and it was on their affidavits that the Grand Jury indicted Farrell. Captain Brooks said yesterday that the detectives had secured considerable new circumstantial evidence to connect Farrell with the murder of Mary Cunningham, but he would not disclose the nature of the evidence. After Farrell was locked up in the Tombs yesterday Assistant District-Autorney Battle also declined to state the nature of the new evidence against Farrell. The youth was arrested by the detectives on Friday evening at his home in the tenement-house, and was locked up at Police Headquarters all night. The mother of the murdered girl has moved from the house to a house in East

BOARDERS SURROUND A BURGLAR.

HE ENTERS AN EAST TWENTY FIRST ST. HOUSE AND ATTEMPTS TO STEAL A SEAL

SKIN SACK.

There was great excitement in Mrs. Briggs's boarding-house, at No. 121 East Twenty-first-st., on Friday night shortly after 6 o'clock, when the hoarders armed with pokers, shovels, tack hammers and similar weapons, captured a real live burglar. Mrs. Briggs was seated in the basement dining-room, her boarders having gone upstairs, when she heard a footstep behind her. Looking around. Mrs. Briggs saw a poorly dressed man standing in the room. The intruder seemed as much startled as the landlady. He ran across the sack, and made a rush toward the basement door

Mrs. Briggs did not propose to lose that scalaking and, screaming for help, she too ran toward the door. It was nip and tuck as to who would get there first. Mrs. Briggs won the race, however. and slammed the door shut. She then stood with her back against it, defying the burglar. She did and also caught the word "burglar." Quickly armand also caught the word "burglar." Quickly arming themselves with whatever they could find, a valiant dozen paraded down the stairs and came to the rescue of their landlady and her sealskin sack. The intruder was surrounded, and two men were sent for a policeman. They soon returned with Policeman Tivers, of the East Twenty-secondst. Station, who placed the man under arrest. The prisoner said he was Otto Gunther, twenty-five years old, a waiter and seaman by occupation. He said he did not intend to do any harm, but was out of work and hungry. He said he found the door open, and went in to get something to eat. Tivers found a broken skeleton key in Gunther's pocket. He had cut away the wire grating that had been placed over the lock.

When arraigned before Magistrate Mott, in the Yorkville Court, yesterday morning, Gunther

Yorkville Court, yesterday morning, Gunth-pleaded not guilty, but was held for trial in \$2,000.

AN ANNIVERSARY OF COLONIAL DAYS.

DINNER OF THE ORDER OF FOUNDERS AND

PATRIOTS TO BE HELD FEBRUARY 2. One of the most interesting dinners this winter Order of the Founders and Patriots of America. It will commemorate the establishing of the first ed. There will be a number of prominent speakbecome exceedingly popular with those interested

On Tuesday last a chapter was instituted in Albany with the following members: Mayor John Boy Thacher, General Robert Shaw Ollver, Colonel Will iam Cary Sanger, Colonel Andrew E. Mather iam Cary Sanger, Colonel Andrew E. Mather, Colonel Harry C. Cushman, George R. Howell, George Howell Thacher and many others.

Colonel Frederick D. Grant and other officers and the committee of the order went to Philadelphia on Thursday for the purpose of forming the Pennsylvania society, the members flying in Pennsylvania having applied for the charter of a State society. The meeting was held at the Union League Club, and after the founding of the society the visiting delegation was entertained at a dinner at the into Among the Pennsylvania members are Rear-Admiral Richard W. Meade, Captain Samuel Emien Meigs, Frederick R. Meigs, Professor J. W. Moore, of Lafayette College; Charles W. Sparhawk, Charles F. Haseitine, William H. Hart, Edward L. Perkins, Frederick A. R. Baldwin, Christopher C. Wolcott, Edward Clinton Lee, William B. Ellison and several others.

DAMAGES FOR ILLEGAL DETENTION. A verdict for \$1,500 for illegal detention was ob-Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, with an extra allowance of 5 per cent, before Justice a boy was arrested in the street on a charge of careful conscience."

a boy was arrested in the street on a charge or roboting the company's mail. Prowler was in the roboting the company's mail.

Stern Bros.

To-morrow Annual

January Sale

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Underwear consisting in part of

Chemises 31°, 65°, 93° Drawers

29°, 48°, 59° Night Robes 63°, 85°, 98°

Skirts 48°, 75°, 97°

Infants' Wear Exceptionally Low Prices West 23d St.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES.

DETAILS OF THE RUSSO-CHINESE RAIL-

eral Farel, of St. Petersburg. At the beginning of the work on the great Siberian railway the Transthrough Nertchinsk, on the Shilka River, to the Amoor to Khabarovsk, to join the Ussuri road. struction of a line in that section involved such structural difficulties as would greatly increase the structural difficulties as would greatly increase the cost of the undertaking, and it was found that a line through Manchuria would not only be cheaper and shorter, but present other advantages, and as a result of negotiations the Chinese Government gave a concession to the Russo-Chinese Bank, and a new company, called the Eastern Chinese Railway, was formed. The articles of association of the company were sanctioned by the Czar on December 16 last and by an imperial ordinance issued

The association has been organized under a con

Government for the construction and exploitation of the western frontier of Hollung Chang to a point on with the Russian-Siberian line. The company secures concessions to work coal and other mines, and to conduct industrial and commercial enterprises in china in connection with the railroad or separately, and in case the enterprises are conducted separately, as eparate set of hooks is to be kept. The company assumes its rights under the convention when it proves to the Russian Minister of Finance that the first instalment of shares has been paid in. An important stipulation provides that shares can be held only by Russian and Chinese subjects. The company will own the road eighty years after the opening of the whole line. The Russian Government guarantees the resources of the company to the extent of making obligatory the payment of shares. The Russian obligations provide that the line shall satisfy the full requirements for safety, convenience and constant movement of passengers and freight; that the traffic facilities shall be equal to those of the Siberian line; that all the Russian trains are to be met by those of the Chinese Eastern company and forwarded without delay to their destination with speeds common on the Siberian, and the Eastern company binds itself to construct and maintain a telegraph line for the prompt transmission of all messages. If the Eastern road, as at first constructed proves unequal to the traffic, it agrees to submit to the decision of the Russian Minister of Finances as to necessary improvements. A maximum traffit is to be established by the Russian Government, and Russian mail packages and officials are to be carried free, special postal-cars being provided by the company for this purpose.

After fifty years the road reverts to the Chinese Government. China agrees that baggage and merchandice shall have free transit through its territory without taxes if destined for a Russian station, and good imported into China over the road pay only half the usual customs duty. Neither country exacts dury for materials used in construction. The stock capital of the road has been fixed at sociolo with the Russian-Siberian line. The company se

ficial news of the death of Minister Willis. Usually when a man-of-war is available the body of a Minister dying abroad is placed on board the warship and brought home in state. The only United States cessel now in the harbor of Honolulu is the oldfashioned corvette Alert, of 500 horse-power, with single screw, and of only 1,000 tonnage. It would take her at least fifteen days to make the voyag from Honolulu to San Francisco, and she has m accommodation suitable for the comfort of the dead Minister's family, consisting of his widow an his only son. The family, it is understood, distinctly preferred that the body should be transported by the requier mail steamer, which was to leave Honolulu on January 13, and is due in Sat Francisco on January 20. There is no doubt that this course has been taken. In view of the divergence of views between the President and Congress on the Hawailan question, it is probable that President Cleveland will leave the appointment of Min ister Willis's successor to President McKinley.

States which followed the war a commission sent our by President Johnson to investigate matters (and of which General J. S. Fullerton, of the Chickamanga Park Commission, is now almost the only survivor found in every Southern hatel visited General Rober Lee's portrait displayed in the post of honor in the was recalled by a remarkable meeting which occurred in the Speaker's room at the Capitol. Colonel Fred-ertili D. Grant, of New-York, son of the great Union

Stern Bros.

will place on sale To-morrow, Monday,

the following

Special Values

Ladies' Wrappers Of Cashmere, at

\$4.85

\$6.75

\$8.90

Regular value, \$6.50 to \$14.00

Of India Silk, at \$8,75

Regular value, \$12.50 Of Crepons, at \$10,90 Regular value, \$14.75

West 23d St.

Stern Bros.

Monday Special Sale

155 Pieces Black Corded Ottoman Striped Satin Duchesse

at 58° and 69°

Regular value, \$1.00 and \$1.25 vd.

And 5,500 Yards Black Brocaded Faille Silks

Worth \$1.25 vd.

West 23d St.

General, and Lieutenant-General S. D. Lee, of Mississippi, one of the Confederate leaders, met for a common purpose, both advocating the preservation of common purpose, both advocating the preservation of the battle-field of Vicksburg. Colonel Grant represented the Army of the Tennessee and General Lee sented the Confederate Veterans Association. They are the leaders of a commission having for its purpose the purchase of the country surrounding Vicksburg, to be held by the Federal Government in perpetulty. The Park Commission, represented by Grant and Lee, appeared before the Committee on Rules, consisting of Speaker Reed and Messrs. Henderson and Dalzel, to plead that a day may be set aside for the consideration of their bill, making an appropriation for the preliminary work of surveying and marking the lines of battle. As the bill carries an appropriation Speaker Reed would not make a positive answer. He said that the matter could not be considered on its semilmental side alone.

Isham C. Harris, of Tennessee, the veteran Senator from that State, has received a telegram saying that his wife is seriously ill in Paris. Tenn., and advising him to come home at once. The Senator himself, who rejuctantly owns up to seventy-nine years of age, has been for some time in such a condition of failing health as to arouse the sympathies of his friends. He has been confined to his rooms for over a week, but started for Tennessee this afternoon, accompanied by his son. Edward Harris.

House a list of the amounts allowed by the Depart-ment in favor of the Union and Kansas Pacific Railment in favor of the Union and Kansas Pacific Rail-road companies, aggregating \$15.848, and a list of set-tiements in favor of the central branch of the Union Pacific for "inland mail transportation," amounting to \$428. No appropriation being available for the pay-ment of these accounts, the Secretary desires pro-vision for their payment in order to close the book of the Treasury.

The cruiser Detroit, which has been ordered to return to San Francisco from the Asiatic Station, and the gunboat Yorktown left Shanghai to-day for Nagasaki, where the other vessels of the fleet will Nagasaki, where the other vessels of the fleet will rendezvous in order to send home on the Detroit all their enlisted men whose terms have expired. The Petrel, now at Mare Island, will relieve the Detroit and will take out an extra complement of long-term men for the fleet. The flagship San Francisco of the Mediterranean squadron arrived at Genoa yesterday. The coast-defence vessels Monterey and Monadnock have reported at Santa Barbara. Cal. The House Committee on Banking and Current

gave hearings to-day to R. A. Lancaster, a banker and broker of Richmond, Va.; Gamaliel Bradford of Boston, and R. B. Ferris, vice-president of the Bank of New-York, all of whom had suggestions t make concerning the solution of the currency problem. Mr. Lancaster made a brief statement of his views, but did not present any definite plan the form of a bill to change existing law. Ferris advocated the passage of a bill which he en plained was chiefly drawn by himself and had been introduced by Mr. McClellan, of New-York. Mr. Ferris said his plan was not a new system, but was amendatory of the present National Banking act. Among other features, the Controller of the Cur rency should be authorized to issue notes to banks up to the par value of their bonds. To provide for the redemption of the notes issued under this act the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized to create redemption districts, each bank in such a district to select a bank in the central city of such redemption district to act as its redemption agent and to be required to keep with this redemption agent and to be required to be per cent of its outstanding circulation. Mr. Ferris also argued in favor of permitting banks of large capital to establish branches in their various redemption districts for which provision was made in the bill.

Mr. Bradford prefaced his remarks by saying that his banking experience began in 1801, and that he had been familiar in actual practice with the For thirty years he had devoted himself to the study of various problems cancerning the National finances. He asked how the people of the United States could be blamed for going astray on the

B. Altman& Co.

Rug Department.

The increased demand for Rugs as a floor covering has made it necessary TEA POTS, SUGARS, for us to devote a much larger space to this department. We have, therefore, greatly enlarged our stock and are now showing a very complete line

MODERN AND ANTIQUE ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS,

consisting of choice examples of 'ndia, Persian and Turkish Rugs and Carpets, and shall offer this week, beginning to-morrow (Monday), a

SPECIAL SALE OF

100 pieces Antique Carabaghs and Kazaks, sizes 3 to 4 feet wide, 5 to 8 feet long, regular values \$12,50 to PLATES. 16.00, at

\$9.75.

100 extra fine genuine Antique Kazaks, Guenjes and Cabistans, sizes 3 feet 8 to 5 feet wide by 7 feet 6 to 9 feet long, regular value \$17.50 to 22.50, at

ENTRANCES, 18th St., 19th St. & Sixth Ave. 18 h Street Ele ated Station.

B. Altman& Co.

To-morrow (Monday).

DEPARTMENT. LACE

PLAIN CHIFFON DRAPERY, heretofore 65c. yard,

Platte Valenciennes Laces, 6c., 11c., 16c., 19c. & 24c. yd. One-half actual prices.

ENTRANCES, 18th St., 19th St. & Sixth Ave. 18th Street Elevated Station.

"Ou American Homes

Horner's Furniture.

IMPORTANT PRICE REDUCTIONS.

Having finished our annual inventory, we have reduced the prices on many pieces in all lines to effect a clearance of same. The reductions apply to Sideboards, Bedroom Sets, Parlor Sets, Dressing Tables, Cabinets, Bookcases, &e., and are well worthy the attention of all who wish to secure fine Furniture away below regu-

R. J. HORNER & CO., COVERED VEGETABLE Furniture Makers and Importers,

61, 63, 65 West 23d Street (Adjoining Eden Musee).

financial question when the United States Senate set the example in insisting on the free coinage of silver and Government bonds were soid under conditions recently existing. It would not do, he said, to retire the greenbacks without providing something to take their place, for a panic might come, and the people would demand that the retirement he stopped, as had been done before. Mr. Bradford criticised the Indianapolis convention for taking no effective steps toward the Scientary of the Treasury to come before Congress and tell what he desired in the line of currency legislation. He thought this was the only way to make any progress. ress.

Mr. Lancaster at the close of his statement was asked a number of questions regarding his plan, which he answered, and the hearing was then adjourned.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUB ELECTION.

ANDIDATES WHO WILL BE VOTED ON AT TO-MORROW EVENING'S MEETING. The Republican Club, at No. 450 Fifth-ave., will

hold its annual meeting to-morrow evening, when the election of officers for the coming year will take place and other business of importance will pe transacted. The club's Nominating Committee of nine lately made a report placing in nomination Arthur L. Merriam, the dealer in machinery at No. 38 Cortlandt-st., for president of the club to succeed Cornelius N. Bliss, and the committee other nominations are Ellis H. Roberts, District Attorney William M. K. Olcott and Louis Stern, for vice-presidents; John A. Dutton, for recording secretary: James L. Wandling, for corresponding secretary; J. Edgar Leaycraft, for treasurer; Alex ander T. Mason, Samuel G. French, Walter S. Baldwin, Alexander Caldwell and A. H. Steele, for members of the Executive Committee, to serve until 1902; W. Jenks Merritt, Charles H. Patrick, C. Loveland, Richard J. Lewis and William Roberts, for members of the Committee on Fl-nances; F. P. Furnold, Jr., J. G. Beldwin, Jr., and John Laimbeer, jr., for members of the Committee on Membership, to serve until 1900; Philip Carpen ter, J. L. Taintor, H. V. Parsell, James T. Nicoli ter, J. L. Laintor, D. C. Lainer, James I. Nicoli, T. D. Kenneson, George A. Baker, Montague Less-ler, Benjamin F. Hall and Robert C. Morris, for members of the Committee on Library and Publi-

The following candidates for resident membership in the club will be voted on at the meeting Dr. Frank Ferguson, the physician, of No. 20 West Thirty-eighth-st.; F. E. M. Bullowa, the lawyer, of No. 140 Nassau-st. William G. Fleming, the stock proker of No. 29 Wall-st.; George R. Bildwell, the merchant, of No. 29 West Forty-second-st., who is the machine Republican candidate for Collector of the Port, and Gherardi Davis, the lawyer, of No. 44 Pine-st. Refreshments will be served in the clubhouse after the meeting.

"Buy China and Glass Right."

RICH CUT CLASS.

SPECIAL SALE OF PLATES, CHOCOLATE JUGS, COVERED DISHES, Etc.

has ever been our privilege to offer. It was our good fortune (and yours, also) that we recently purchased at prices that surprised even ourselves a large quantity of finest Limoges China Plates, Chocolate Jugs, Cracker Jars, Covered Vegetable Dishes, Tea Pots, Sugar Bowls,

Creamers, Candlesticks, etc. These goods must all be sold before we commence changing our stock about, preparatory to occupying our new building (No. 54 W. 22d St.), which will be ready in a few days. Therefore the following most extraordinary offerings:



many very rich assorted decoy be selected in same shape and similar decoration. We shall offer them in four lots.

LOT NO. 1.

All Plates, irrespective of size or decoration, valued at from \$1.50 to \$3.00 each, all beautifully decorated, your \$1.00 each

LOT NO. 2.

valued at from 75 cts. to \$200, 50 cts. each LOT NO. 3.

All Plates, irrespective of size or decora-

tion, valued at from 50 cts. to \$1.00, all fin-ly decorated, your 25 cts. each. LOT NO. 4.

All Plates, irrespective of size or decoration, valued at from 25 ets. to 15 ets. each 50 cts., your choice All the above Plates will be found very much superior to those ordinarily offered in so

called "special sales." CANDLESTICKS.

125 assorted tall Candlesticks, in two sizes, 6 and 7 inches, assorted flower decorations with gold, value \$1.50 to \$3.00 75cts, each your choice. your choice.....

CHOCOLATE JUGS.

75 Chocolate Jugs, assorted shapes, sizes and decorations, all very handsome, valued at from \$2.00 to \$4.50, your \$1.50 each

TEA POTS. Assorted decorations, shapes

SUGARS.

DISHES.

and sizes, value \$2.50, your \$1.25 each

Also assorted in size, decoration and shape, value \$1.25 75 cts. each

CREAMERS. Assorted sizes, shapes and decorations,

value \$1.00 to \$1.50 each 50cts, each choice

CRACKER JARS. Different shapes, sizes and decorations, all with gold and handsomely decorated,

valued at \$2.50 to \$4.00 each, \$1.25 each

150 Covered Vegetable Dishes, artistic flower decorations with gold, and new and unique shapes, valued at from \$1.75 to \$5.00 each; from these you can take \$1.00 each

There are many other items in this sale, such as Princess Lamps, Ring Stands, Berry Dishes, Shells, etc., etc., of which there are not sufficient quantities to mention, but which will be found equally interesting and good value.

HIGGINS & SEITER

Importers and Retailers of Fine China, Art Pottery, Rich Cut Glass 50 and 52 West 22d St.

(Near 6th Avenue) and 170 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. L. WEDDING GIFTS A SPECIALTY.

FOR A NEW EAST SIDE HOSPITAL. The annual entertainment and ball of the Beth Israel Hospital will take place Wednesday at the Lenox Lyceum. The entertainment will consist of music, both vocal and instrumental. The Beth Israel Hospital is at No. 206 East Broadway, on the lower East Side, in the centre of the large and the lower East Side, in the centre of the large and densely packed Hebrew population of that dis-trict, and ministers to the needs of the sick poor only of that region. It has no millionaire patrons to look to its financial needs, or to help it out when it is in distress. It sprang up as the result of the crying necessity for such an institution in the dis-trict, and was supported by the people of the district almost exclusively, who, coming in daily contact with the sickness, misery and poverty surrounding them, appreciated its necessity.

nounted various reverses and difficulties, it is now on a firm basis, and so well established that its directors have succeeded in buying a plot of ground, consisting of three city lots, at Jefferson and Cherry sts., for the erection of a new and large hospital, that will be adequate to satisfy the demands of the poor.

The annual report of the hospital, just issued

Having begun in a small way, and having sur-